

(SCHEME NUMBER 21/2012/0112)

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2025

These annual financial statements have been audited in compliance with the applicable requirements of the Companies Act of Namibia.

(SCHEME NUMBER: 21/2012/0112)

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2025

CONTENTS

The reports and statements set out below comprise the annual financial statements presented to the owners:

	Page
Trustees' Responsibilities and Approval	2
Trustees' Report	3
Independent Auditor's Report	4 - 5
Statement of Financial Position	6
Statement of Comprehensive Income	7
Statement of Changes in Reserves	8
Statement of Cash Flows	9
Accounting Policies	10 - 11
Notes to the Annual Financial Statements	12 - 14
The following supplementary information does not form part of the annual financial statements and is unaudited:	
Detailed Income Statement	15 - 17

(SCHEME NUMBER: 21/2012/0112)

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2025

TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES AND APPROVAL

The trustees are required to maintain adequate accounting records and are responsible for the content and integrity of the annual financial statements and related financial information included in this report. It is their responsibility to ensure that the annual financial statements fairly present the state of affairs of the body corporate as at the end of the financial year and the results of its operations and cash flows for the period then ended, in conformity with the Namibian Generally Accepted Accounting Practice - NAC 001: Namibian Statement on Financial Reporting for Small and Medium Sized Entities.

The annual financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Namibian Generally Accepted Accounting Practice -NAC 001: Namibian Statement on Financial Reporting for Small and Medium Sized Entities and are based upon appropriate accounting policies consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgments and estimates.

The trustees acknowledge that they are ultimately responsible for the system of internal financial control established by the body corporate and place considerable importance on maintaining a strong control environment. To enable the trustees to meet these responsibilities, the trustees set standards for internal control aimed at reducing the risk of error or loss in a cost effective manner. The standards include the proper delegation of responsibilities within a clearly defined framework, effective accounting procedures and adequate segregation of duties to ensure an acceptable level of risk. These controls are monitored throughout the body corporate and all employees are required to maintain the highest ethical standards in ensuring the body corporate's business is conducted in a manner that in all reasonable circumstances is above reproach. The focus of risk management in the body corporate is on identifying, assessing, managing and monitoring all known forms of risk across the body corporate. While operating risk cannot be fully eliminated, the body corporate endeavours to minimise it by ensuring that appropriate infrastructure, controls, systems and ethical behaviour are applied and managed within predetermined procedures and constraints.

The trustees are of the opinion, based on the information and explanations given by management, that the system of internal control provides reasonable assurance that the financial records may be relied on for the preparation of the annual financial statements. However, any system of internal financial control can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The trustees have reviewed the body corporate's cash flow forecast for the year to 28 February 2026 and, in the light of this review and the current financial position, they are satisfied that the body corporate has or has access to adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

The external auditors are responsible for independently auditing and reporting on the body corporate's annual financial statements. The annual financial statements have been examined by the body corporate's external auditors and their report is presented on page 4.

The annual financial statements set out on pages 6-14, which have been prepared on the going concern basis, were approved by the trustees on 29 July 2025 and were signed on their behalf by:

Trustee	Trustee	
29 July 2025		

Approval of annual financial statements

(SCHEME NUMBER: 21/2012/0112)

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2025

TRUSTEES' REPORT

The trustees submit their report for the year ended 28 February 2025.

1. INCORPORATION

The body corporate was incorporated in Namibia on 28 August 2004 and obtained its certificate to commence business on the same day.

2. REVIEW OF ACTIVITIES

Main business and operations

The body corporate controls common property and for that purpose to apply rules, to provide for incidental matters and operates principally in Namibia.

The operating results and state of affairs of the body corporate are fully set out in the attached annual financial statements and do not in our opinion require any further comment.

3. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

The trustees are not aware of any matter or circumstance arising since the end of the financial year that has a material impact on the annual financial statements.

4. TRUSTEES

The trustees of the body corporate during the year and to the date of this report are as follows:

Name

R Burger

L Verwey

L Da Fonseca

W van Heerden

G Butler

P van der Merwe

S Shivute

C Lowe

5. MANAGING AGENT

The managing agent of the body corporate is EON Property Services (Pty) Ltd of:

Business address

16 Wagner Street Windhoek West Windhoek

Postal address

P O Box 310 Windhoek Namibia

6. AUDITORS

Hamilton Chartered Accountants will continue in office for the next financial period.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Owners of The Elisenheim Owners Association (non-profit association incorporated under section 21)

Opinion

We have audited the annual financial statements of The Elisenheim Owners Association (non-profit association incorporated under section 21) (the body corporate) set out on pages 6 to 14, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 28 February 2025, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in reserves and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and the notes to the annual financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and the trustees report

In our opinion, the annual financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of The Elisenheim Owners Association (non-profit association incorporated under section 21) as at 28 February 2025, and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the Namibian Generally Accepted Accounting Practice - NAC 001: Namibian Statement on Financial Reporting for Small and Medium Sized Entities and the requirements of the Companies Act of Namibia.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Annual Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the body corporate in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) and other independence requirements applicable to performing audits of Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Annual Financial Statements in Namibia. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

The trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the document titled "The Elisenheim Owners Association (non-profit association incorporated under section 21) annual financial statements for the year ended 28 February 2025", which includes the Trustees' Report as required by the Companies Act of Namibia and the supplementary information as set out on pages 15 to 17. The other information does not include the annual financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the annual financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the annual financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the annual financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

To the trustees of The Elisenheim Owners Association (Non-profit Association Incorporated Under Section 21) the audit report continued

Responsibilities of the Trustees for the Annual Financial Statements

The trustees are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the annual financial statements in accordance with the Namibian Generally Accepted Accounting Practice - NAC 001: Namibian Statement on Financial Reporting for Small and Medium Sized Entities and the requirements of the Companies Act of Namibia, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of annual financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the annual financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the body corporate's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the body corporate or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Annual Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the annual financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these annual financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the annual financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide
 a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting
 from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal
 control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the body corporate's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the trustees.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence
 obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the body
 corporate's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw
 attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the annual financial statements or, if such disclosures are
 inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's
 report. However, future events or conditions may cause the body corporate to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the annual financial statements, including the disclosures, and
 whether the annual financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair
 presentation.

We communicate with the trustees regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Hamilton Chartered Accountants
JC Hamilton
Partner
Chartered Accountants (Namibia)
Registered Accountants and Auditors

31 July 2025 Windhoek

(SCHEME NUMBER: 21/2012/0112)

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2025

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 28 FEBRUARY 2025

	Note(s)	2025 NS	2024 NS
ASSETS			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Property, plant and equipment	2	5,660,905	5,675,895
rroperty, plant and equipment		3,000,703	3,013,055
CURRENT ASSETS			
Trade and other receivables	3	2,347,557	1,853,859
Cash and cash equivalents	4	4,230,417	4,553,730
		6,577,974	6,407,589
Total Assets	_	12,238,879	12,083,484
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
OWNER'S FUNDS AND RESERVES			
Accumulated surplus	_	10,821,021	10,309,708
LIABILITIES			
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Finance lease liabilities	5	89,400	302,608
	-		
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	6	1,148,576	1,320,689
Finance lease liabilities	5 _	179,882	150,479
		1,328,458	1,471,168
Total Liabilities	-	1,417,858	1,773,776
Total Equity and Liabilities	-	12,238,879	12,083,484

(SCHEME NUMBER: 21/2012/0112)

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2025

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Note(s)	2025 N\$	2024 N\$
Revenue	7	10,018,802	9,595,737
Other income	8	995,375	1,053,250
Operating expenses		(10,505,787)	(9,883,838)
Operating surplus	-	508,390	765,149
Finance costs	12	2,923	(6,459)
Surplus for the year	-	511,313	758,690
Other comprehensive income			
Total comprehensive income for the year		511,313	758,690

(SCHEME NUMBER: 21/2012/0112)

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2025

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN RESERVES

	Accumulated surplus	Total owner's funds and
	NS	reserves NS
Balance at 1 March 2023	9,551,015	9,551,015
Surplus for the year Other comprehensive income	758,693	758,693
Total comprehensive income for the year	758,693	758,693
Balance at 1 March 2024	10,309,708	10,309,708
Surplus for the year Other comprehensive income	511,313	511,313
Total comprehensive income for the year	511,313	511,313
Balance at 28 February 2025	10,821,021	10,821,021
Note(s)		

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2025

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	Note(s)	2025 N\$	2024 NS
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash receipts from customers Cash paid to suppliers and employees		9,931,499 (9,261,387)	9,595,737 (7,886,573)
Cash generated from operations Finance costs	13	670,112 2,923	1,709,164 (6,459)
Net cash from operating activities		673,035	1,702,705
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment Sale of property, plant and equipment	2 2	(812,543)	(1,006,185) 90,000
Net cash from investing activities	_	(812,543)	(916,185)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Finance lease payments	_	(183,805)	(173,466)
Total cash movement for the year Cash at the beginning of the year		(323,313) 4,553,730	613,055 3,940,675
Total cash at end of the year	4	4,230,417	4,553,730

(SCHEME NUMBER: 21/2012/0112)

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2025

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Basis of preparation and summary of significant accounting policies

The annual financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis in accordance with the Namibian Generally Accepted Accounting Practice - NAC 001: Namibian Statement on Financial Reporting for Small and Medium Sized Entities, and the Companies Act of Namibia. The annual financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, and incorporate the principal accounting policies set out below. They are presented in Namibia Dollar.

These accounting policies are consistent with the previous period.

1.1 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant and equipment are tangible assets which the body corporate holds for its own use or for rental to others and which are expected to be used for more than one period.

Property, plant and equipment is initially measured at cost.

Cost includes costs incurred initially to acquire or construct an item of property, plant and equipment and costs incurred subsequently to add to, replace part of, or service it. If a replacement cost is recognised in the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment, the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised.

Expenditure incurred subsequently for major services, additions to or replacements of parts of property, plant and equipment are capitalised if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the body corporate and the cost can be measured reliably. Day to day servicing costs are included in surplus or deficit in the period in which they are incurred.

Property, plant and equipment is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses, except for land which is stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation of an asset commences when the asset is available for use as intended by management. Depreciation is charged to write off the asset's carrying amount over its estimated useful life to its estimated residual value, using a method that best reflects the pattern in which the asset's economic benefits are consumed by the body corporate.

The useful lives of items of property, plant and equipment have been assessed as follows:

Item	Depreciation method	Average useful life
Plant and machinery	Straight line	5 years
Motor vehicles	Straight line	5 years
Office equipment	Straight line	5 years

The depreciation charge for each period is recognised in surplus or deficit unless it is included in the carrying amount.

Where major components of an item of property, plant and equipment have significantly different patterns of consumption of economic benefits, the cost of the asset is allocated to the components and they are depreciated separately over each component's useful life.

When indicators are present that the useful lives and residual values of items of property, plant and equipment have changed since the most recent annual reporting date, they are reassessed. Any changes are accounted for prospectively as a change in accounting estimate.

1.2 Financial instruments

Initial measurement

Financial instruments are initially measured at the transaction price (including transaction costs except in the initial measurement of financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value through surplus or deficit) unless the arrangement constitutes, in effect, a financing transaction in which case it is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

(SCHEME NUMBER: 21/2012/0112)

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2025

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.3 Leases

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership to the lessee. All other leases are operating leases.

1.4 IMPAIRMENT OF ASSETS

The body corporate assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that property, plant and equipment or intangible assets or goodwill or investment property on the cost model may be impaired.

If there is any such indication, the recoverable amount of any affected asset (or group of related assets) is estimated and compared with its carrying amount. If the estimated recoverable amount is lower, the carrying amount is reduced to its estimated recoverable amount, and an impairment loss is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit.

If an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or group of related assets) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but not in excess of the amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or group of assets) in prior years. A reversal of impairment is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit.

1.5 REVENUE

Levies and recoveries are recognised as revenue once owners are invoiced. Ordinary levies are invoiced monthly, based on the proportional amount as per the approved budget. Other recoveries are recognised as and when due by the owners and are disclosed with the expenses to which they relate. When the inflow of cash and cash equivalents is deferred, the fair value of the consideration receivable is the present value of all future receipts using the imputed rate of interest.

Levies have been accounted for on the accrual basis and therefore include outstanding amounts owing by the owners.

Interest is recognised, in surplus or deficit, using the effective interest rate method.

1.6 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

(SCHEME NUMBER: 21/2012/0112)

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2025

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2025

2024

					N\$	NS
2. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQ	UIPMENT					
-		2025			2024	
_	Cost or revaluation	Accumulated depreciation and impairment	Carrying value	Cost or revaluation	Accumulated depreciation and impairment	Carrying value
Land Plant and machinery	2,375,432 5,445,158	(2,853,044)	2,375,432 2,592,114	2,375,432 4,670,187	(2,160,564)	
Motor vehicles Office equipment	1,690,310 270,648	(1,101,252) (166,347)	589,058 104,301	1,690,310 233,076	(1,039,678) (92,868)	
Total	9,781,548	(4,120,643)	5,660,905	8,969,005	(3,293,110)	
			-,,-	-,,	(-),	-,,
Reconciliation of property, plant and	equipment - 2	025				
			Opening balance	Additions	Depreciation	Closing balance
Land			2,375,432	-	((00 400)	2,375,432
Plant and machinery Motor vehicles			2,509,623 650,632	774,971	(692,480)	
Office equipment			140,208	37,572	(61,574) (73,479)	
omer squipment		-	5,675,895	812,543	(827,533)	
Reconciliation of property, plant and	equipment - 2	024				
		Opening balance	Additions	Disposals	Depreciation	Closing balance
Land		2,375,432				2,375,432
Plant and machinery		2,236,671	915,826	(90,000)	(552,874)	
Motor vehicles		717,716 103,936	90,359	-	(67,084)	
Office equipment		5,433,755	1,006,185	(90,000)	(54,087)	
3. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIV	VABLES	-,,	.,,	(-c,cco,	(cr.yc.c)	
Trade receivables					2,729,134	2,630,666
Prepayments Deposits					405,073	9,843
Provision for bad debts					50,101 (836,751)	50,101 (836,751)
Provision for our deots					2,347,557	1,853,859
4 CARTAND CART BOTTON	. New Control					-,,
4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALI	ENTS					
Cash and cash equivalents consist of:						
Bank balances					4,230,417	4,553,730

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2025

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	2025 N\$	2024 NS
5. FINANCE LEASE LIABILITIES		
First National Bank of Namibia		
FAW CA Series 15.180 FD/FT Tipper T/tractor	179,882	453,088
Net finance lease liabilities		
Non-current liabilities	89,400	302,608
Current liabilities	179,882	150,479
	269,282	453,087
The first instalment is N\$13,986.64 and thereafter the payments will be as per the payment pla period of sixty (60) months. The interest rate will be the prime rate plus one.	n. The liability is payable for a	
6. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES		
Amounts due to related parties	39,940	39,940
Contractor/Developers deposits	138,910	95,910
Deposits received	8,105	8,105
Payroll liabilities	19,634 510,397	(36) 440,160
Prepaid levies Provision for POS development	16,872	25,752
Social security commission	12,202	12,653
Trade payables	388,836	674,783
Unclaimed funds	13,680	23,422
	1,148,576	1,320,689
7. REVENUE		
Levies	10,018,802	9,595,737
8. OTHER INCOME		
Access cards	47,839	25,500
Commissions received	12,280	9,900
Contractor card	12,260	4,720
Contractor fine	16,876 93,200	7,250 85,500
DRC officer charges Domestic worker	93,200	2,200
Fees earned	64,320	-
Interest received	347,706	390,637
Picnic booking cash		2,500
Recoveries	102,487	134,218
Recovery of admin expenses - Arrear levy interest Rental income	262,769 18,988	265,240 11,210
Special levies	-	98,025
Special levies business homes	16,650	16,350
	995,375	1,053,250
9. AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION		
Fees	30,000	28,492

(SCHEME NUMBER: 21/2012/0112)

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2025

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

		2025 NS	2024 NS
10. DEPRECIATION, AMORTISATION	AND IMPAIRMENTS		
The following items are included within depre	ciation, amortisation and impairments:		
Depreciation Property, plant and equipment		827,533	674,044
1. INSURANCE POLICY DETAILS			
nsurance company	Momentum Insurance Limited		
olicy Number	N-EE135151		
xpiry date	30/11/2025		
otal replacement value	4,099,000		
nsurance company	Momentum Insurance Limited		
olicy Number	N-ENG135156		
xpiry date	30/11/2025		
otal replacement value	4,604,000		
nsurance company	Momentum Insurance Limited		
olicy Number	N-HOA105783		
xpiry date	30/11/2025		
otal replacement value	2,611,945		
nsurance company	Momentum Insurance Limited		
olicy Number	C5M 5016664		
xpiry date	30/11/2025 2,180,000		
otal replacement value	2,100,000		
nsurance company	Momentum Insurance Limited		
olicy Number	N-PAR107106		
xpiry date otal replacement value	30/11/2025 1,253,939		
otal reptacement value	1,233,939		
asurance company	Momentum Insurance Limited		
olicy Number	C1M 5022008 30/11/2025		
xpiry date otal replacement value	2,136,494		
2. FINANCE COSTS	2,100,177		
nterest paid		(2,923)	6,459
3. CASH GENERATED FROM OPERA	TIONS		
let surplus before taxation djustments for:		511,313	758,69
Depreciation, amortisation, impairments and re	eversals of impairments	827,533	674,04
inance costs		(2,923)	6,45
changes in working capital:	l	(402.606)	(07.00
ncrease) decrease in trade and other receivab acrease (decrease) in trade and other payables		(493,696) (172,115)	(97,889 367,866
in these (occircuse) in those and other payables	,		
		670,112	1,709,164

(SCHEME NUMBER: 21/2012/0112)

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2025

DETAILED INCOME STATEMENT

	Note(s)	2025 NS	2024 NS
REVENUE			
Levies	_	10,018,802	9,595,737
OTHER INCOME			
Access cards		47,839	25,500
Commissions received		12,280	9,900
Contractor card		12,260	4,720
Contractor fine		16,876	7,250
DRC officer charges		93,200	85,500
Domestic worker		-	2,200
Interest received		347,706	390,637
Legal fees recovery		64,320	
Pienie booking eash		-	2,500
Recoveries		102,487	134,218
Recovery of admin expenses - Arrear levy interest		262,769	265,240
Rental income		18,988	11,210
Special levies		-	98,025
Special levy business homes	_	16,650	16,350
	_	995,375	1,053,250
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Administration and management fees		738,846	729,550
Auditors remuneration	9	30,000	28,492
Bank charges		36,318	22,903
- Account management fee		1,816	1,722
- Bank confirmation letter		43	1,722
- Epac charges		10,190	10,549
- External debit order fee		3,239	2,976
- IBank admin fee		2,345	2,223
- Investment admin fees		10,888	-,
- Pos fees		7,751	5,433
-Transaction fees		20	
-Transfer fees		25	
Computer expenses		2,473	3,520
Consulting and professional fees -plans drafting		2,175	18,228
Depreciation, amortisation and impairments		827,533	674,044
Insurance		191,089	188,414
Lease rentals on operating lease		276,254	264,718
Legal expenses			6,762
Maintenance		112,258	129,643
- Advertising		3,599	125,043
Cleaning material		2,008	3,828
Cleaning werges		2,000	18,400
General maintenance		97,443	98,968
Signage		9,207	8,447
Meeting fees			2,500

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2025

DETAILED INCOME STATEMENT

	Note(s)	2025 N\$	2024 NS
Motor vehicle expenses		124,700	116,657
Municipal expenses		55,835	51,08
- Office electricity		51,026	48,195
- Office water		4,467	2,886
- Office sewerage recovery		342	
Office expenses		88,369	72,032
- Office expenses - consumables		-	
- Office expenses - nashua		20,791	20,958
- Office expenses - stationery		67,578	46,443
- Office expenses - supplies		-	4,625
Petrol and oil		271,729	277,198
Refreshments		35,582	22,161
- Office refreshments		28,331	16,291
- Office refreshments - Santa drive		7,251	5,869
Repairs		82,060	146,488
Burbridge glass			2,200
- Computer and IT		6,011	3,397
- Electric fence		19,450	15,08
Equipment repairs		20.515	11,77
- Equipment service - Padlocks		20,515 225	3,19
- Pump station maintenance		35,859	110,83
Security service		4,548,305	4,059,200
Staff expenses - salaries and wages		2,568,025	2,651,869
- Estate management salary		937,530	920,026
- Estate management bonus		40,435	
Estate office staff		426,522	378,632
Estate M trading			5,000
Estate staff bonus		-	104,982
Estate standby		39,611	35,14
- Employer contributions			1,50
Office staff bonus			104,9
PAYE office staff		74,906	145,92
Social security		17,428	24,38
Staff medical		1,344	1,84
- Staff loan			500
Staff training		11,458	1,500
Transport		205,886	198,700
Uniforms		38,453	34,234
Staff bonus Wages		39,581 730,493	34,48
Wages worker overtime		4,378	764,653 864
		78,364	62,473
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ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2025

DETAILED INCOME STATEMENT

	Note(s)	2025 N\$	2024 NS
		10,505,787	9,883,838
Operating surplus	-	508,390	765,149
Finance costs	12	2,923	(6,459)
Surplus for the year		511,313	758,690